

DEVELOPMENT BRIEF
OF
SOUTH WAZIRISTAN AGENCY
(2008 - 2009)

BUREAU OF STATISTICS (FATA CELL)
PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT,
FATA SECRETARIAT, PESHAWAR.

HISTORICAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE PROFILE OF SOUTH WAZIRISTAN AGENCY

BACKGROUND

The South Waziristan Agency was declared an Agency in 1895. South Waziristan Agency is the largest in size of all the FATA. North Waziristan Agency and D.I.Khan bounded it on the North and East respectively, while Balochistan lies to South and Afghanistan to the West of the Agency. The area consists of rugged rocky terrain with several peaks over 8000 feet. Arable land is in short supply, so narrow valleys are intensively farmed. The major rivers are Gomal, Shahur and Tank Zam. The major plains are Wana Zarmilan, Spin and Barwan plains of which the Wana is the richest in ground and surface water potential.

CLIMATE

The Agency generally is cold in winter (with snow in some places) and pleasant in summer. Most of the Agency receives mean annual rainfall of only 10-15 inches, while a small piece in the South Eastern corner receives less than 10 inches annually.

TRIBES

There are two major tribes in the Agency namely Mahsood and Wazirs. The two largest towns are Wana and Kanigurum.

ADMINISTRATION

The Political Agent is the overall incharge of administration of the agency, supported by APAs.

There are three administrative sub-Divisions: Ladha in the North, Wana in the South and Sarwakai or Jandola in the East and are eight tehsils, Ladha, Razmak, Sararogha, Sirwakai, Tiarza, Wana, Birmal and Toa Khula.

The agencies available to the Political administration for maintaining law and order are as under:

MALIKS, SUFAID RESH & KHASADARS

The Maliki system introduced by the British Govt: was the same in South Waziristan as functioning in other FATA. Maliks use to work like media between administration of the " Qaum" or tribe. A Maliki is hereditary and devolves on the son and his son so on and so forth for which regular benefits and subsidies are sanctioned from time to time. Lungi system known Sufaid Resh is slightly lower form of Maliki. In South Waziristan Agency there are 1470 Maliks and Lungi holders and annual allowance paid to them is Rs.183600/-.

KHASADARS

Khasadars in South Waziristan is another form of concession to the tribes for protection of strategic roads and other Govt: Utilities. They are working under the control of Political Agent. In S.W Agency there are 3880 Khasadars ranging in ranks from Subedar Major downward upto a Sepoy and 3215 Scouts in SWA. They are appointed by the political agent. The recruitment is made in the ratio of their tribal distribution, which is known as Nikkat, Annual expenditure on levies and Khasadars is Rs: 161601973/-.

DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES IN SOUTH WAZIRISTAN AGENCY

The Annual Development Programme 2009-10 provides for an outlay of Rs.1567.570 million.

2. Sector wise details of Annual Development Programme in South Waziristan Agency are given below:

S.No.	Name of Sector	Allocation for 2009-10 (Rs. in million)	%age Allocation
1	Education	343.332	21.90
2	Health	161.081	10.28
3	P.H.E	146.038	9.32
4	Roads	449.028	28.64
5	Housing	19.930	1.27
6	Power	60.211	3.84
7	Agriculture	57.618	3.68
8	Forests	49.351	3.15
9	Rural Dev	8.019	0.51
10	Regional Dev	98.757	6.30
11	Irrigation	155.043	9.89
12	Technical Education	19.162	1.22
	Total	1567.570	100.00

SOCIO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF S.WAZIRISTAN AGENCY

S.No.	Indicators	
1	AREA & POPULATION	2008-09
a.	Area (Sq.Km) (1998 Census)	6620
b.	Total Population (Nos) (Estimated)	529871
c.	Male Population (Nos) (Estimated)	284856
d.	Female Population (Nos) (Estimated)	245015
e.	Density (Persons/Sq.Km)	80
f.	Annual Growth Rate (%) (1998 Census)	1.95
2	AGRICULTURE	2008-09
a.	Reported Area (000 Hectares)	662.0
b.	Cultivated Area (000 Hectares)	18.0
c.	Culturable Waste (000 Hectares)	46.5
d.	Culturable Area (000 Hectares)	64.6
e.	Irrigated Area (000 Hectares)	7
f.	Forest Area (000 Hectares)	2
g.	Cultivated Area as % of Reported Area. (%)	2.7
h.	Irrigated Area as % of Cultivated Area. (%)	39
i.	Forest Area as % of Reported Area. (%)	0.3
j.	Land Use Intensity (%)	28
k.	Population per Cultivated Area (Persons)	29
l.	Population per Irrigated Area (Persons)	76
	<u>Yield Per Hectare</u>	2008-09
m.	Maize (Kgs)	1560
n.	Rice (Kgs)	0
o.	Wheat (Kgs)	1545
	<u>Animal Husbandry</u>	2008-09
p.	Veterinary Hospital (Nos)	4
q.	Veterinary Dispensaries (Nos)	18
r.	Civil Veterinary Centers (Nos)	19
	<u>Forest/Fisheries</u>	2008-09
s.	Fruit Plants Distributed (Estimated) (Nos)	23010
3	ELECTRICITY	2008-09
	Villages Electrified (Repeated) (Nos)	311

4	EDUCATION				2008-09
	Indicators	Male	Female	Both Sexes	
	<u>Educational Institutions</u>				
a.	All Primary Schools (Nos)	305	220	525	
b.	Middle Schools (Nos)	54	18	72	
c.	High Schools (Nos)	25	5	30	
d.	Higher Secondary Schools (Nos)	0	0	0	
e.	Degree Colleges (2007-08) (Nos)	3	1	4	
	<u>Participation Rate</u>				
f.	Primary Level (5-9) (%)	54	29	41	
g.	Middle Level (10-12) (%)	25	7	17	
h.	High Level (13-14) (%)	4	1	2	
	<u>Teaching Staff</u>				
i.	All Primary Schools (Nos)	745	478	1223	
j.	Middle Schools (Nos)	537	126	663	
k.	High Schools (Nos)	442	47	489	
l.	Higher Secondary Schools (Nos)	0	0	0	
	<u>Enrolment by kind</u>				
m.	Primary Schools (Nos)	23451	18794	42245	
n.	Middle Schools (Nos)	10420	2441	12861	
o.	High Schools (Nos)	7058	1143	8201	
p.	Higher Secondary Schools (Nos)	0	0	0	
q.	Literacy Ratio (%) (1998)	32.52	2.57	19.84	
5	HEALTH				1.1.2009
a.	Hospital (Nos)				5
b.	Dispensary (Nos)				41
c.	R.H.Cs (Nos)				0
d.	B.H.Us functioning (Nos)				17
e.	Hospital/Dispensary & R.H.C Beds (Nos)				135
f.	Population per Hospital & Dispensary Bed (Nos)				3925
g.	Doctors (Nos)				96
h.	Population per Doctor (Nos)				5519
i.	Nurses (Nos)				23
j.	Population per Nurse (Nos)				23038
6	PUBLIC HEALTH ENGINEERING				2008-09
a.	Tube wells (Nos)				120
b.	Drinking Water Coverage (%)				65.77

7	COMMUNICATIONS	2008-09
a.	Total Roads (Kms)	1016.92
b.	High Type(Kms)	543.85
c.	Low Type (Kms)	473.07
d.	Road per Sq. Km. of Area (Kms)	0.15
e.	Post Offices (Nos)	16
f.	Population per Post Office(Persons)	33117
g.	Telephones (Nos)	3702
h.	Population per Telephone (Persons)	143